All employers must maintain a healthy work environment to decrease the spread of COVID-19.

Employers must actively encourage sick employees to stay home

- Employees who have symptoms (including fever, cough, shortness of breath, runny nose, body aches, and diarrhea) should notify their supervisor and stay home. Isolating 6 feet from people is not sufficient if a person is symptomatic.
- Sick employees should follow CDC-recommended steps. Employees should not return to work until the criteria to discontinue home isolation are met, in consultation with health care providers and state/local health departments.
- Employees who are well but who have a sick family member at home with COVID-19 should notify their supervisor and follow CDC-recommended precautions.

Employers must separate sick employees

- Employees who appear to have symptoms upon arrival at work or who become sick during the day should immediately be separated from other employees, customers, and visitors and sent home.
- If an employee is confirmed to have COVID-19 infection, employers should inform fellow employees of their possible exposure to COVID-19 in the workplace but maintain confidentiality as required by the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). The fellow employees should then self-monitor for symptoms (i.e., fever, cough, or shortness of breath).

Employers should implement flexible sick leave and supportive policies and practices.

- Ensure that sick leave policies are flexible and consistent with public health guidance and that employees are aware of and understand these policies.
- Maintain flexible policies that permit employees to stay home to care for a sick family member.
- Employers that do not currently offer sick leave to some or all of their employees may want to draft non-punitive "emergency sick leave" policies.
- Employers should not require a positive COVID-19 test result or a health care provider's note for employees who are sick to validate their illness, qualify for sick leave, or to return to work. Healthcare provider offices and medical facilities may be extremely busy and not able to provide such documentation in a timely manner.
- In the case that health care provider notes are required, they should be obtained remotely via telehealth services and not via in-person evaluations.
- Health care provider notes should not require a specific date to return to work should follow CDC guidelines for suspected COVID-19 cases.

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/guidance-business-response.html

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